

BRITISH AIRMEN FOUGHT LAND TROOPS IN FLANDERS DRIVE

Holland-La. House—The line, but were forced to retreat to the British position, which was a double line.

The German yesterday afternoon conducted a fairly heavy bombardment against the French on the front line between Kortebeek and Dikshoven, but this was in the early morning and no infantry attack followed.

A protracted rain still is falling, rendering infantry operations of all kinds most difficult and observation work by the air services precarious. The German Air Force has continued to bombard and harass the British positions despite the handicap of the weather and now are strongly entrenched along the new line.

French Report the Repulse of Violent German Attacks.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—The text of today's War Office statement is as follows:

"Bad weather persists along the entire front in Belgium. East and south of Cerny, after a bombardment of extreme violence, German forces delivered on a front of about 1,500 yards violent attacks, but they all were repulsed by our fire. In the course of the fighting we inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

"Artillery fighting on both banks of the river Meuse (in the Verdun sector) was particularly spirited in the region of Avocourt Wood and Hill 304."

Bischoffs Changed Hands Three Times—French Hold It.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 2.—German newspapers of Thursday morning contain no details of importance on the battle in Flanders beyond the official reports.

A semi-official survey of the Flanders battle supplied by the German General Staff through the Wolff Bureau mentions that Bischoffs three times changed hands, the French eventually retaining the village at nightfall, but that the German lines gripped the village north and east. The British, according to the survey, delivered the main thrust before Ypres and succeeded in capturing Langemark in addition to other places mentioned by Field Marshal Haig, but were unable to hold Lange-marck and St. Julien in the face of a German counter-attack and were repulsed. The report seeks to give the impression that only the immediate front line trench in any case was lost and carefully avoids any mention of the depth of the Entente gain.

RUSSIA AND AUSTRIA REPORTED NEAR "PEACE"

"On Verge of Understanding," Declares President Huysmans of Socialist Bureau.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 2.—Russia and Austria are "on the verge of an understanding," according to the declaration attributed to President Huysmans of the International Socialist Bureau in today's Handelsblad.

"Austria," Huysmans declared, "is not claiming anything from Russia. The Polish question is to be considered as a matter between Russia and Germany."

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 2.—Reports from Budapest to the Frankfurter Zeitung say that the formation of a coalition cabinet under the leadership of Johann Telezky, former Minister of Finance, is impending.

For Summer Complaint

Take six Bell's in a glass of hot water and see if you've ever had anything give such fine relief. Get a 25c pkg. **BELL'S** FOR INDIGESTION

HEROIC 18-YEAR-OLD BOY WINS HIGHEST HONORS IN AIR BATTLES IN FLANDERS

Attacks Infantry Crossing Bridge and Fights Pistol Duel With Officer in Auto.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Aug. 2.—An eighteen-year-old "war baby" making his first flight alone over enemy territory was awarded the palm today among England's airmen for audacity in the amazing list of aerial exploits heralding the opening of the Flanders offensive.

The youngster swept far over the enemy territory and then swooped back, firing within a few feet of the ground. He sped a detachment of German infantry crossing a bridge and promptly left loss with his machine gun. Utterly disregarding the hail of rifle fire they turned upon him, he dived back and forth, barely over their heads, his machine gun rattling away. He saw four or five corpses before the Germans gave way and sought shelter in nearby ditches.

The airmen snatched a little more, found his quarry too well covered, and then winged bitterly on his way.

FIGHTS FROM AIR WITH OFFICER IN AUTOMOBILE.

Next he swooped over an open motor car on a wide road, letting loose his machine gun fire on an officer in the tonneau. The machine turned into a side road and its driver opened wide the throttle. The officer turned against his adversary, a few feet aloft and began firing with his automatic revolver.

The "war baby" felt he couldn't be so unfortunatemanlike as to return the German officer's feeble pistol fire with his deadly machine gun, so he stopped the latter and from the air staged a revolver duel with the flying enemy. Suddenly the automobile was jammed to a stop. The British plane, fifty feet above and twenty-five feet behind, could not stop, but the aviator hurriedly circled back. Then he saw his adversary being hurriedly dragged into a house. Meanwhile a perfect rain of anti-aircraft shells and machine-gun bullets spelt all about the plane. The pilot twisted around a few times, shot high up into the sky, disappeared into the clouds and by and by came home unharmed.

Nearly all of the aerial fighting on the day of aviation wonders, of which the foregoing was just an incident, was at altitudes of less than 200 feet.

The British planes were under constant and heavy fire, particularly from rifles and machine guns, owing to the low altitude at which they were flying, but through all this hurricane of lead and steel all but three came out safely.

"NOTHING TO DO TILL TOMORROW," FOR ONE FLYER.

A British aviator crossed the Ypres salient just as the infantry attack began at dawn. For a time he patrolled the roads and canals, now and then running the gambit of enemy fire at a height of thirty feet in order to secure information for the guidance of the infantry in their advance.

During this patrol work he came to a German position.

The British aviator circled low and dropped a bomb squarely on one of the sheds. This brought numbers of Germans tumbling in a panic from the buildings. He turned his machine gun on them, and, circling about the field, bombed two other sheds with disastrous effect. All the time he kept up a steady stream of machine gun fire at the Germans, a number of whom were killed or wounded.

The Tontons finally got a machine gun into action against him, but he dived and at twenty feet silenced it with his own gun. Having put this weapon out of action, he circled the field, firing with his machine gun through the doors of buildings at the huddled enemy within. At one time his machine actually touched the ground.

Leaving the airfield, the British aviator attacked two German mounted officers and put them to flight. A little later he encountered a column of 200 troops and swept along the line with his gun working steadily. The entire column was dispersed and fled by various ways to cover, leaving numbers of their comrades lying in the road.

Two battalions then appeared, and the British engaged both, sending one to earth and putting the other to flight.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

With net changes from previous closing.

Stock	High	Low	Net	Change
Am. Can.	21 1/2	21	21 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Sugar	49 1/2	49	49 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Tobacco	40 1/2	40	40 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Cotton	10 1/2	10	10 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Oil	10 1/2	10	10 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Lumber	2 1/2	2	2 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Paper	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Glass	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Rubber	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Leather	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Steel	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Iron	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Coal	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Grain	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Hops	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Flax	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Wool	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Silk	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Cotton	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Oil	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Lumber	2 1/2	2	2 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Paper	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Glass	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Rubber	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Leather	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Steel	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Iron	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Coal	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Grain	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Hops	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Flax	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Wool	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2
Am. Silk	1 1/2	1	1 1/2	+ 1/2

RUSSIANS AGAIN LOSE THEIR HOLD ON CZERNOWITZ

Capital of Austro-Hungarian Province of Bukovina Has Changed Hands Ten Times.

VIENNA, Aug. 2 (via Amsterdam).—Austro-Hungarian troops have entered Czernowitz, the capital of the province of Bukovina.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 2.—Kiev, in Southern Bukovina, has been evacuated by the Russians, the War Office announced today.

The Russians are now engaged with the Austro-German forces on the River Dniester. Between the Dniester and the Pruth the Russian retreat is continuing.

The Russian forces in southeastern Galicia, after a battle with the Austro-Germans, retired across the Zborov at its confluence with the River Dniester.

Czernowitz has been the scene of some of the most bitter fighting of the war and the Bukovina capital has changed from Russian to Austrian hands altogether ten times.

Czernowitz was first captured by the Russians from the Austro-Hungarians on Sept. 4, 1914, only to be evacuated a few weeks later. In November of that year the Hungarians occupied the city and held it until February, 1915. In the following month the Russians again returned to the attack and after a terrific battle stormed the capital and drove the Austrians out. This time the Russians held the position for only two weeks.

Twice in January, 1916, the seat of the Crownland changed hands and in June of that year it was again captured by the Russians and held until the present time.

Czernowitz is situated on a hill south of the river Pruth and is about 140 miles southeast of Lemberg, the capital of Galicia. Before the war it had a population of about 70,000.

DEBATE ON FOOD BILL LIMITED TO 90 MINUTES

Opens With Criticism of Democrats for "Catering to President Instead of to House."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Adoption of the conference report on the Food Control Bill by the House this afternoon was forestalled when Representative Lever obtained consent to limit debate to ninety minutes.

Representative Gillett, Massachusetts, acting Republican leader, opened the debate with a bitter criticism of Lever and Democrats in general for "catering to the President instead of the House." Gillett refused to elimination of the Congressional War Committee from the bill.

Lever replied that he merely took the liberty as a member of the House and as an American citizen, to ask the commander in chief about a matter that would have shackled his hands and feet.

NEW HONORS BY KAISER GIVEN TO HINDENBURG

Cross and Star of the High Command Go to the German Commander.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A Copenhagen despatch to Reuters' Limited contains the following message telegraphed by Emperor William to Field Marshal von Hindenburg:

"It is a need of my heart, my dear Field Marshal, at the conclusion of the third year of this mightiest of all wars in which you incessantly and with brilliant strategy and art have defied the enemy's superior forces and cleared the way for our armies to victory to express anew to my inexhaustible thanks."

"I grant you the cross and star of the high command of my royal orders of the house of Hohenzollern. The badge will be posted immediately."

OSBORNE AT NAVAL PRISON.

Tells Inmates He May Institute Welfare League Methods.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 2.—Thomas Mott Osborne, former Warden of Sing Sing Prison, took charge of the Naval Prison here today, with full powers to carry out his ideas.

Osborne told the prisoners at St. Ann's, a cell block at the prison, that if military discipline did not bring results he would institute the "Welfare League" methods he used in Sing Sing.

Child Killed by Bronx Trolley.

A fourteen-year-old unidentified girl, with light hair and complexion, weighing about twenty-five pounds, was killed this afternoon at St. Ann's Avenue and One Hundred and Forty-seventh Street, Bronx, by a Union Avenue trolley car which was operated by Motorman Albert Kookke of No. 378 East One Hundred and Forty-second Street. Kookke was arrested. The girl was pronounced dead by Dr. Miller of the Lincoln Hospital.

Horse Killed by Serbian Prince Shot and Killed.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Prince George, of Serbia, had a narrow escape today while inspecting troops on the Macedonian front. The horse on which he was riding was shot and killed.

Flower Hospital Left Leaves.

The Flower Hospital Red Cross unit, under command of Major Stuart, left the city last night for a point in New York State.

RUSSIAN COUNCIL MEETS SUNDAY TO MAKE WAR PLANS

Kerensky and His Ministers Will Reveal Exact Condition at Front.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 2.—Delegates representing all elements in Russia will convene at Moscow Sunday for the first All-Russian Governmental Conference. To this convention Pyotr Kerensky and his Ministers plan to reveal the full condition of affairs in Russia and the problems to be encountered. Out of the meeting it is possible another coalition cabinet will be formed, with the Cadet Party participating.

The Provisional Government has refused to acknowledge Finland's independence law and has, instead, issued a manifesto dissolving the Landtag and appointing a general election on Oct. 1, declaring that the Government, when the Landtag meets, will submit its own law regulating Russo-Finnish relations. The manifesto is signed by all ten Ministers.

Admiral Kolchack got his sword back today—the same sword he threw overboard at Hebestopol rather than turn it over to mutinous sailors. The sailors themselves, now thoroughly repentant, succeeded by use of divers in recovering the weapon and sent a delegation to Petrograd to return it to their former commander.

At the time of the mutiny, which was quelled by persuasion of Rear Admiral Glennon of the American navy, Admiral Kolchack was ordered to surrender. He declared that when he was forced to capitulate at Port Arthur the Japanese had magnanimously insisted he keep his sword and that he proposed not to sully the blade by surrender. Then he flung it overboard.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A despatch from Petrograd to Reuters' Limited announces that the military authorities at Kiev have arrested Ensign Krylenko, a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Council of Workers' and Soldiers' Delegates, on a charge of circulating Maximalist propaganda in the Kiev army.

The Times correspondent at Russian Headquarters on the southwest front, under date of July 31, confirms reports of improvement in morale in the Russian army as a consequence of measures against desertions and anarchy. The correspondent says that disaffected Russian regiments have returned to the front.

Emperor William and Field Marshal von Mackensen, according to the same despatch, made a triumphal entry into Tarnopol. The weight of the German offensive, the despatch adds, appears to be directed toward Kamennets, Podolsky, en route to Odessa.

GERMANS FINE LIEGE 500,000 FRANCS MORE

Penalty Imposed for Disobeying Order to Demolish Buildings Damaged by Fire.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 2.—According to the Echo de Paris the city of Liege has been fined 500,000 francs for disobeying an order given by German authorities to demolish buildings damaged by fire on the Quai des Pecheurs.

SENTENCED FOR BAFF DEATH.

Zaffarone Gets Five to Fifteen Years in Sing Sing Prison.

Antonio Zaffarone, a West Washington Market expressman, one of the first to be arrested for complicity in the murder of Harry Raff, poultry dealer, Nov. 24, 1914, and who confessed his share in the plot, was today sentenced to Sing Sing prison for not less than five years or more than fifteen years by Judge Hill.

Judge Rosakaly told Zaffarone he had taken into consideration that Zaffarone had been in the United States for more than a year and had aided District Attorney Swann.

Zaffarone apprised the District Attorney that the murder of Raff was due to business rivalry.

'BOOKMAKERS' ARRAIGNED.

Seven Arrested at Staten Island Agricultural Society's Fair.

Seven "bookmakers," arrested during the racing meet of the Staten Island Agricultural Society's fair at Dongan Hills, Staten Island, yesterday, were arraigned before Magistrate Handy at noon today.

Magistrate Handy ordered both sides to meet for trial at 10 o'clock tomorrow on Aug. 9. The alleged bookmakers, Bernard Sheehan, Charles Herber, William Daily, Morris Williams, Charles P. Martin, Leo T. Ullman, all of Manhattan, and Lawrence Sullivan, of Staten Island, were held in \$500 bail each.

John F. Harris Chairman of the Red Cross.

John F. Harris, senior member of the Harris, Winthrop & Co., No. 15 Street, was elected Chairman of the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross today. He succeeds Harvey D. Gibson, President of the Liberty National Bank, who recently retired from the chairmanship to assume the duties of General Manager of the American Red Cross. Mr. Harris's services will be gratuitous.

Dutch Ships May Carry Food to the Belgians.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Food for the Belgians would be carried in Dutch ships if some of the supplies were reported to the Netherlands Government by a plan now being discussed by Herbert Hoover and the Executive Council with the Netherlands Government.

WELSH SAYS INFLUENCES HERE OF GERMANS HERE

Reiterates Confidence in Loyalty of Most Citizens of Teutonic Blood.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—To "offset the evil influences that are at work," President Wilson today wrote Representative Dyer, Missouri, to express again his confidence in the loyalty of most citizens of German blood in this country.

Dyer wrote the President complaining of "persecution" of German-Americans in St. Louis by Government officials. He quoted as one instance the case of Otto Baermann, St. Louis railway mail clerk, charged for "disloyalty." Dyer found Baermann had been in the Government service sixteen years and had served in the Spanish War, contributed to the Red Cross and had flown the Stars and Stripes from his home since the declaration of war with Germany.

"Your letters struck a responsive chord in my mind," the President replied. "I have been aware, from various sources, of the unfortunate position in which a very large number of our loyal fellow citizens are placed because of their German origin or affiliation."

"I am sure they need no further assurance from me of my confidence in their entire integrity and loyalty of the great body of our citizens of German blood. You know that not once but many times in my public addresses I have expressed this confidence. I do not like to make another occasion to express it simply because it would seem to indicate on my part a doubt as to whether the country had believed my previous assurances to be sincere."

"May I not very respectfully suggest that it would be easy to make use of the passages I have referred to from my former addresses to do something, I hope not a little, to offset the evil influences that are at work?"

SARATOGA WINNERS.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming \$750, added six furlongs.—King's Oak, 114 (Butwell), 17 to 1; 2 and 3, out first. Mother Machree, 107 (Schuttenger), 6 to 1; 3, 8 to 1; 4, 1 to 2; 5, 1 to 2; 6, 1 to 2; 7, 1 to 2; 8, 1 to 2; 9, 1 to 2; 10, 1 to 2; 11, 1 to 2; 12, 1 to 2; 13, 1 to 2; 14, 1 to 2; 15, 1 to 2; 16, 1 to 2; 17, 1 to 2; 18, 1 to 2; 19, 1 to 2; 20, 1 to 2; 21, 1 to 2; 22, 1 to 2; 23, 1 to 2; 24, 1 to 2; 25, 1 to 2; 26, 1 to 2; 27, 1 to 2; 28, 1 to 2; 29, 1 to 2; 30, 1 to 2; 31, 1 to 2; 32, 1 to 2; 33, 1 to 2; 34, 1 to 2; 35, 1 to 2; 36, 1 to 2; 37, 1 to 2; 38, 1 to 2; 39, 1 to 2; 40, 1 to 2; 41, 1 to 2; 42, 1 to 2; 43, 1 to 2; 44, 1 to 2; 45, 1 to 2; 46, 1 to 2; 47, 1 to 2; 48, 1 to 2; 49, 1 to 2; 50, 1 to 2; 51, 1 to 2; 52, 1 to 2; 53, 1 to 2; 54, 1 to 2; 55, 1 to 2; 56, 1 to 2; 57, 1 to 2; 58, 1 to 2; 59, 1 to 2; 60, 1 to 2; 61, 1 to 2; 62, 1 to 2; 63, 1 to 2; 64, 1 to 2; 65, 1 to 2; 66, 1 to 2; 67, 1 to 2; 68, 1 to 2; 69, 1 to 2; 70, 1 to 2; 71, 1 to 2; 72, 1 to 2; 73, 1 to 2; 74, 1 to 2; 75, 1 to 2; 76, 1 to 2; 77, 1 to 2; 78, 1 to 2; 79, 1 to 2; 80, 1 to 2; 81, 1 to 2; 82, 1 to 2; 83, 1 to 2; 84, 1 to 2; 85, 1 to 2; 86, 1 to 2; 87, 1 to 2; 88, 1 to 2; 89, 1 to 2; 90, 1 to 2; 91, 1 to 2; 92, 1 to 2; 93, 1 to 2; 94, 1 to 2; 95, 1 to 2; 96, 1 to 2; 97, 1 to 2; 98, 1 to 2; 99, 1 to 2; 100, 1 to 2; 101, 1 to 2; 102, 1 to 2; 103, 1 to 2; 104, 1 to 2; 105, 1 to 2; 106, 1 to 2; 107, 1 to 2; 108, 1 to 2; 109, 1 to 2; 110, 1 to 2; 111, 1 to 2; 112, 1 to 2; 113, 1 to 2; 114, 1 to 2; 115, 1 to 2; 116, 1 to 2; 117, 1 to 2; 118, 1 to 2; 119, 1 to 2; 120, 1 to 2; 121, 1 to 2; 122, 1 to 2; 123, 1 to 2; 124, 1 to 2; 125, 1 to 2; 126, 1 to 2; 127, 1 to 2; 128, 1 to 2; 129, 1 to 2; 130, 1 to 2; 131, 1 to 2; 132, 1 to 2; 133, 1 to 2; 134, 1 to 2; 135, 1 to 2; 136, 1 to 2; 137, 1 to 2; 138, 1 to 2; 139, 1 to 2; 140, 1 to 2; 141, 1 to 2; 142, 1 to 2; 143, 1 to 2; 144, 1 to 2; 145, 1 to 2; 146, 1 to 2; 147, 1 to 2; 148, 1 to 2; 149, 1 to 2; 150, 1 to 2; 151, 1 to 2; 152, 1 to 2; 153, 1 to 2; 154, 1 to 2; 155, 1 to 2; 156, 1 to 2; 157, 1 to 2; 158, 1 to 2; 159, 1 to 2; 160, 1 to 2; 161, 1 to 2; 162, 1 to 2; 163, 1 to 2; 164, 1 to 2; 165, 1 to 2; 166, 1 to 2; 167, 1 to 2; 168, 1 to 2; 169, 1 to 2; 170, 1 to 2; 171, 1 to 2; 172, 1 to 2; 173, 1 to 2; 174, 1 to 2; 175, 1 to 2; 176, 1 to 2; 177, 1 to 2; 178, 1 to 2; 179, 1 to 2; 180, 1 to 2; 181, 1 to 2; 182, 1 to 2; 183, 1 to 2; 184, 1 to 2; 185, 1 to 2; 186, 1 to 2; 187, 1 to 2; 188, 1 to 2; 189, 1 to 2; 190, 1 to 2; 191, 1 to 2; 192, 1 to 2; 193, 1 to 2; 194, 1 to 2; 195, 1 to 2; 196, 1 to 2; 197, 1 to 2; 198, 1 to 2; 199, 1 to 2; 200, 1 to 2; 201, 1 to 2; 202, 1 to 2; 203, 1 to 2; 204, 1 to 2; 205, 1 to 2; 206, 1 to 2; 207, 1 to 2; 208, 1 to 2; 209, 1 to 2; 210, 1 to 2; 211, 1 to 2; 212, 1 to 2; 213, 1 to 2; 214, 1 to 2; 215, 1 to 2; 216, 1 to 2; 217, 1 to 2; 218, 1 to 2; 219, 1 to 2; 220, 1 to 2; 221, 1 to 2; 222, 1 to 2; 223, 1 to 2; 224, 1 to 2; 225, 1 to 2; 226, 1 to 2; 227, 1 to 2; 228, 1 to 2; 229, 1 to 2; 230, 1 to 2; 231, 1 to 2; 232, 1 to 2; 233, 1 to 2; 234, 1 to 2; 235, 1 to 2; 236, 1 to 2; 237, 1 to 2; 238, 1 to 2; 239, 1 to 2; 240, 1 to 2; 241, 1 to 2; 242, 1 to 2; 243, 1 to 2; 244, 1 to 2; 245, 1 to 2; 246, 1 to 2; 247, 1 to 2; 248, 1 to 2; 249, 1 to 2; 250, 1 to 2; 251, 1 to 2; 252, 1 to 2; 253, 1 to 2; 254, 1 to 2; 255, 1 to 2; 256, 1 to 2; 257, 1 to 2; 258, 1 to 2; 259, 1 to 2; 260, 1 to 2; 261, 1 to 2; 262, 1 to 2; 263, 1 to 2; 264, 1 to 2; 265, 1 to 2; 266, 1 to 2; 267, 1 to 2; 268, 1 to 2; 269, 1 to 2; 270, 1 to 2; 271, 1 to 2; 272, 1 to 2; 273, 1 to 2; 274, 1 to 2; 275, 1 to 2; 276, 1 to 2; 277, 1 to 2; 278, 1 to 2; 279, 1 to 2; 280, 1 to 2; 281, 1 to 2; 282, 1 to 2; 283, 1 to 2; 284, 1 to 2; 285, 1 to 2; 286, 1 to 2; 287, 1 to 2; 288, 1 to 2; 289, 1 to 2; 290, 1 to 2; 291, 1 to 2; 292, 1 to 2; 293, 1 to 2; 294, 1 to 2; 295, 1 to 2; 296, 1 to 2; 297, 1 to 2; 298, 1 to